

Amendments to the Claims

1. (Original) A Her2 and/or EGFR inhibitor to be administered to a subject determined to show overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR as a result of a diagnosis of the subject for the expression or activity of Her2 and/or EGFR based on a test for detecting the expression or activity of Her2 and/or EGFR.

2.(Original) The inhibitor of claim 1 to be administered to a subject determined to show activation of Her2 and/or EGFR as a result of a diagnosis of the subject for the activity of Her2 and/or EGFR based on a test for detecting the activity of Her2 and/or EGFR.

3. (Original) The inhibitor of claim 1 to be administered to a subject determined to show overexpression or activation of Her2 and EGFR as a result of a diagnosis of the subject for the expression or activity of Her2 and EGFR based on a test for detecting the expression or activity of Her2 and EGFR.

4. (Original) The inhibitor of claim 3 to be administered to a subject determined to show activation of Her2 and EGFR as a result of a diagnosis of the subject for the activity of Her2 and EGFR based on a test for detecting the activity of Her2 and EGFR.

5. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of ~~any of claims 1 to 4~~ claim 1, wherein the subject is a patient expected to suffer from a disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR.

6. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of ~~any of claims 1 to 4~~ claim 1, wherein the subject is a patient expected to suffer from a disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and EGFR.

7. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of ~~any of claims 1 to 6~~ claim 1, wherein the subject is a human.

8. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of ~~any of claims 1 to 4~~ claim 1, wherein the test for detecting the expression or activity of Her2 and/or EGFR is an extracorporeal test.

9. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of ~~any of claims 1 to 4~~ claim 1, wherein the test for detecting the expression or activity of Her2 and EGFR is an extracorporeal test.

10. (Original) The inhibitor of claim 3, which is a mixture of a Her2 inhibitor and an EGFR inhibitor.

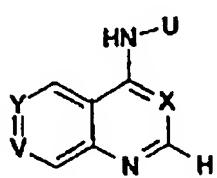
11. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of any one of claims 1 to 9, which is used for administering a Her2 inhibitor and/or an EGFR inhibitor simultaneously, separately or at time intervals.

12. (Original) The inhibitor of claim 8 or 9, wherein the extracorporeal test is an immunological method using an antibody, or a hybridization method using a nucleic acid and a nucleic acid derivative.

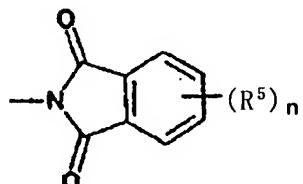
13. (Original) The inhibitor of claim 12, wherein the immunological method using an antibody is selected from the group consisting of an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay, an enzyme-linked immunoassay, a radioimmunoassay, an immunohistochemical method and western blotting.

14. (Original) The inhibitor of claim 12, wherein the hybridization method using a nucleic acid and a nucleic acid derivative is selected from the group consisting of an RT-PCR method, an ISH method, a FISH method, northern blotting and southern blotting method.

15. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of any one of claims 1 to 14, which is a substituted heteroaromatic compound represented by the following formula (I)



(I)



(a)

wherein X is N or CH; Y is CR¹ and V is N; or Y is N and V is CR¹; or Y is CR¹ and V is CR²; or Y is CR² and V is CR¹; R¹ is C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, CH₃SO₂CH₂CH₂NHCH₂-Ar- (wherein Ar is selected from phenyl, furan, thiophene, pyrrole and thiazole, each of which is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 halogens, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy on demand) or -C≡C-C(R⁶)(R⁷)(R⁸) (wherein R⁶, R⁷ and R⁸ are each independently a hydrogen atom, hydroxy, halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl or C₁₋₄ alkoxy, or C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl wherein the ring is optionally substituted by hydrogen atom or C₁₋₄ alkyl and optionally contains 1 or 2 hetero atoms selected from O, S and N therein; R² is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₁₋₄ alkylamino, di[C₁₋₄ alkyl]amino and -NHCO-R⁹ (wherein R⁹ is C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, C₂₋₄ alkenyl or C₂₋₄ alkynyl); U is phenyl, pyridyl, 3H-imidazolyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, indolinyl, isoindolinyl, 1H-indazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1H-indazolyl, 1H-benzimidazolyl, 2,3-dihydro-1H-benzimidazolyl or 1H-benzotriazolyl group, each of which is substituted by R³ group and optionally substituted on demand by at least one R⁴ group selected independently; R³ is selected from the group consisting of benzyl, halo-, dihalo- and trihalobenzyl, benzoyl, pyridylmethyl, pyridylmethoxy, phenoxy, benzyloxy, halo-, dihalo- and tribenzyloxy and benzenesulfonyl; or R³ is trihalomethylbenzyl or trihalomethylbenzyloxy; or R³ is a group of the above-mentioned formula (a) (wherein each R⁵ is independently selected from halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl and C₁₋₄ alkoxy; and n is 0-3); each R⁴ is independently hydroxy, halogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₂₋₄ alkenyl, C₂₋₄ alkynyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy, amino, C₁₋₄ alkylamino, di[C₁₋₄ alkyl]amino, C₁₋₄ alkylthio, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfinyl, C₁₋₄ alkylsulfonyl, C₁₋₄

alkylcarbonyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, C₁₋₄ alkoxy carbonyl, C₁₋₄ alkanoyl amino, N-(C₁₋₄ alkyl) carbamoyl, N,N-di(C₁₋₄ alkyl) carbamoyl, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, a hydrate or solvate thereof, an optically active substance or a racemate thereof, or a mixture of diastereomers thereof.

16. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of ~~any of claims 1 to 15~~ claim 15, which is (4-(3-fluorobenzyl oxy)-phenyl)-(6-(5-((2-methanesulfonyl-ethylamino)methyl)-furan-2-yl)-pyrido[3,4-d]pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine;
(4-benzyloxyphenyl)-(6-(5-((2-methanesulfonyl-ethylamino)-methyl)-furan-2-yl)-quinazolin-4-yl)-amine;
N-{4-[(3-fluorobenzyl)oxy]phenyl}-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;
N-[4-(benzyloxy)phenyl]-7-methoxy-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;
N-(1-benzyl-1H-indazol-5-yl)-7-methoxy-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;
N-{3-fluoro-4-[(3-fluorobenzyl)oxy]phenyl}-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;
N-[1-(3-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazol-5-yl]-6-[2-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]-4-quinazolinamine;
6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-N-[4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-4-quinazolinamine;
N-{3-fluoro-4-[(3-fluorobenzyl)oxy]phenyl}-6-[2-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]-4-quinazolinamine;
N-(1-benzyl-1H-indazol-5-yl)-6-[2-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]-4-quinazolinamine;
N-(3-fluoro-4-benzyloxyphenyl)-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-4-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;

N-(3-chloro-4-benzyloxyphenyl)-6-[2-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-4-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;

N-{3-chloro-4-[(3-fluorobenzyl)oxy]phenyl}-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;

N-(1-benzyl-1H-indazol-5-yl)-7-fluoro-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;

N-(3-trifluoromethyl-4-benzyloxyphenyl)-6-[5-({[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-4-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine;

N-[4-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)amino]-7-[3-(4-morpholinyl)propoxy]quinazolin-6-yl]acrylamide;

N-{4-[(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)amino]-7-[3-methyl-3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1-butynyl]-6-quinazolinyl}acrylamide; or

N-{3-chloro-4-[(3-fluorobenzyl)oxy]phenyl}-6-[5-({[2-(methanesulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, a hydrate or a solvate thereof, an optically active substance or a racemate thereof, or a mixture of diastereomers thereof.

17. (Currently amended) The inhibitor of ~~any of claims 1 to 16~~ claim 15, which is N-[4-(3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl)amino]-7-[3-(4-morpholinyl)propoxy]quinazolin-6-yl]acrylamide, or N-{3-chloro-4-[(3-fluorobenzyl)oxy]phenyl}-6-[5-({[2-(methanesulfonyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)-2-furyl]-4-quinazolinamine or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, a hydrate or a solvate thereof, an optically active substance or a racemate thereof, or a mixture of diastereomers thereof.

18. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an inhibitor of any one of claims 1 to 17 as an active ingredient and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

19. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 18, which is an agent for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of a disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR.

20. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 19, wherein the disease caused by the overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR is cancer, angiogenesis associated with the growth of cancer or sarcoma, angiogenesis associated with cancer metastasis, angiogenesis associated with diabetic retinopathy, arteriosclerosis or psoriasis.

21. (Original) An agent for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of a disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR, which is to be administered to a subject determined to show overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR as a result of a diagnosis of the subject for the expression or activity of Her2 and/or EGFR based on a test for detecting the expression or activity of Her2 and/or EGFR.

22. (Original) The agent of claim 21, wherein the disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR is cancer, angiogenesis associated with the growth of cancer or sarcoma, angiogenesis associated with cancer metastasis, angiogenesis associated with diabetic retinopathy, arteriosclerosis or psoriasis.

23. (Original) A method for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of a disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR, which comprises administering an effective dose of a Her2 and/or an EGFR inhibitor to a subject determined to show overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR as a result of a diagnosis of the subject for the expression or activity of Her2 and/or EGFR based on a test for detecting the expression or activity of Her2 and/or EGFR.

24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein the disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR is cancer, angiogenesis associated with the growth of cancer or sarcoma, angiogenesis associated with cancer metastasis, angiogenesis associated with diabetic retinopathy, arteriosclerosis or psoriasis.

25. (Currently amended) A commercial package comprising the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 18 to 20 and a written matter associated therewith, the written matter stating that the pharmaceutical composition can or should be used for the prophylaxis and/or treatment of a disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR.

26. (Original) The commercial package of claim 25, wherein the disease caused by overexpression or activation of Her2 and/or EGFR is cancer, angiogenesis associated with the growth of cancer or sarcoma, angiogenesis associated with cancer metastasis, angiogenesis associated with diabetic retinopathy, arteriosclerosis or psoriasis.